3PEAK INCORPORATED

Features

- Wide Supply Voltage: 4.5V to 17V
- Output Voltage Range: 0.76 V to 7 V
- Internal Power FET：150mΩ and 80mΩ
- High-Efficiency Synchronous-Mode Operation
- 650 kHz Switching Frequency
- Internal Light Load Power-Save Mode for High Efficiency at Light Load
- Internal Soft-Start
- Over-Current Protection and Hiccup
- Thermal Shutdown
- Small outline package TSOT23-6, SOT523
- –40°C to 125°C Operation Ambient Temperature Range

Applications

- Digital TV Power Supply
- Digital Set Top box (STB)
- Video Surveillance
- Networking Home Terminal
- General Purpose

Description

The TPP2020 is a simple, easy to use, 2-A output, synchronous, step-down, switch-mode converter with internal power MOSFETs.

The TPP2020 provides a fast-transient response and supports both low equivalent series resistance (ESR) output polymer capacitors and ceramic capacitors with no external compensation components.

TPP2020 offers a very compact solution to achieve a 2A continuous output current over a wide input supply range, with excellent load and line regulation.

Protection features include over-current protection and thermal shutdown.

The devices are available in a 6-pin TSOT23-6 package, and specified from –40°C to 125°C of ambient temperature
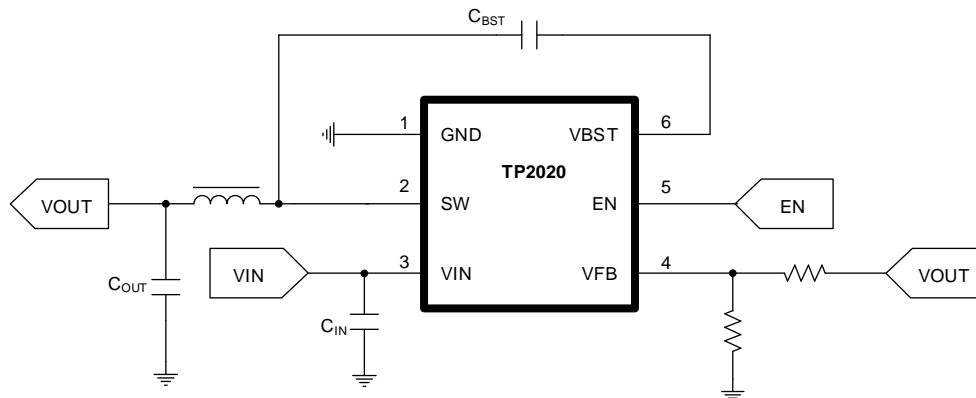
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Revision History

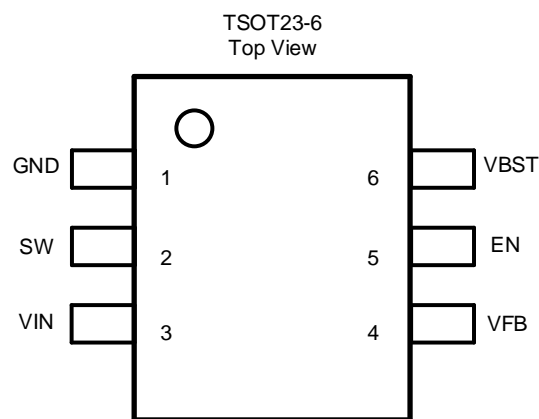| Date	Revision	Notes
2020/2/19	**1.0**	Release

Pin Configuration

TSOT23-6
Top View

Figure 1 Pin function

PIN		DESCRIPTION
NAME	**NO.**	
GND	1	Ground pin. Power and controller circuit ground. Use star connection to GND pin with good contact
SW	2	Switching node pin. Voltage switching between high-side FET and low-side FET. Connect 2.2-µH between SW and OUT.
VIN	3	Supply input pin. Connect decoupling 2×10-µF and 1×0.1-µF capacitors between VIN and GND pins.
VFB	4	Voltage feedback pin. Connect to output voltage with feedback resistor divider.
EN	5	Enable input. Active high. Internally weak pull-down resistors.
VBST	6	High-side MOSFET gate supply pin. Connect 0.1-µF between VBST and SW pins.

Order Information

Order Number	Operating Temperature Range	Package	Marking Information	MSL	Transport Media, Quantity
TPP2020-6TR	**-40 to 125°C**	**TSOT23-6**	**202**	**3**	**Tape and Reel, 3000**

Absolute Maximum Ratings [Note 1]

Parameters	Rating
Supply Voltage, VIN	− 0.3 V to 18 V
Switching Node Voltage, SW	− 0.3 V to VIN + 0.3 V
Bootstrap Voltage, VBST – SW	− 0.3 V to 6.5 V
Feedback Voltage, FB	− 0.3 V to 6.5 V
Enable Input, EN	− 0.3 V to 18 V
Maximum Junction Temperature	150°C
Operating Temperature Range	–40 to 125°C
Storage Temperature Range	–65 to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	260°C

Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

Note 2: The inputs are protected by ESD protection diodes to each power supply. If the input extends more than 300mV beyond the power supply, the input current should be limited to less than 10mA.

Note 3: A heat sink may be required to keep the junction temperature below the absolute maximum. This depends on the power supply voltage and how many amplifiers are shorted. Thermal resistance varies with the amount of PC board metal connected to the package. The specified values are for short traces connected to the leads.

ESD Rating

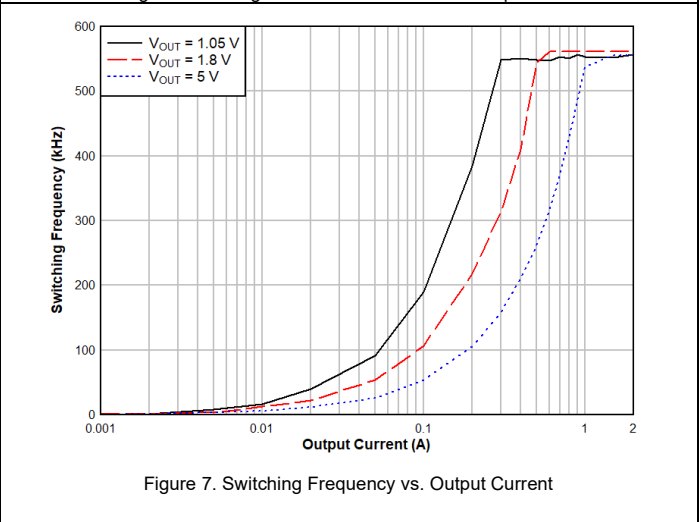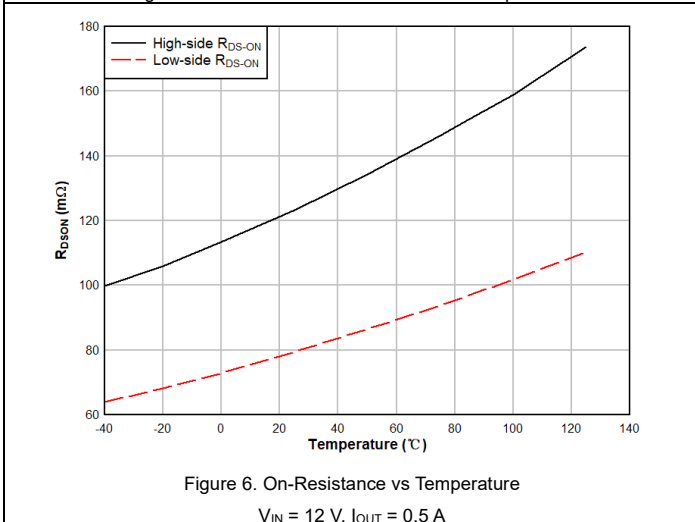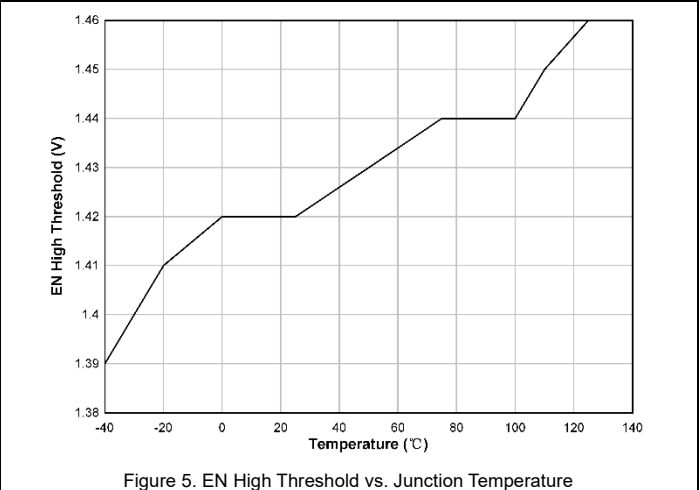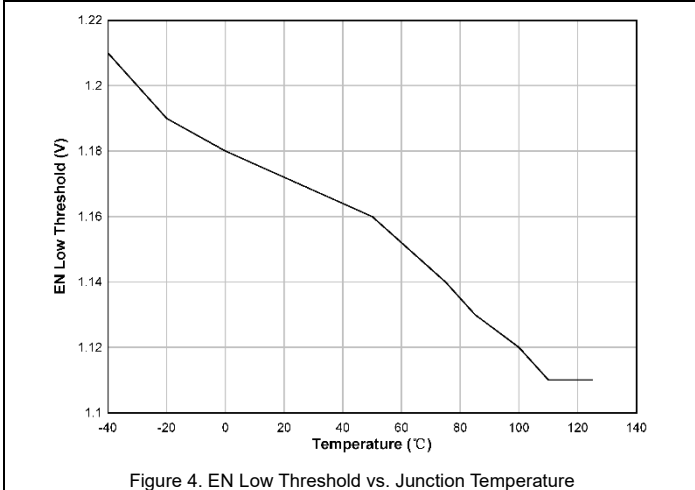| Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Minimum Level	Unit
HBM	Human Body Model ESD	ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001	4	kV
CDM	Charged Device Model ESD	ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002	1.5	kV

Thermal Information

Package Type	θ_{JA}	θ_{JC}	Unit
TSOT23-6	100	67	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics

All test condition is VIN = 12V, T_A = -40°C to 125°C, unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Power Supply						
VIN	Supply Voltage Range		4.5		17	V
I_Q	Operating supply current			500		µA
I_{QSD}	Shut down supply current			1		µA
VFB Voltage						
V_{FB}	V_{FB} Threshold Voltage	PFM mode		800		mV
		PWM mode	749	761	787	mV
I_{VFB}	I_{VFB} Threshold Current		-0.1	0	0.1	uA
MOSFFET						
HS_{RDSON}	HS Switching On Resistance			165		mΩ
LS_{RDSON}	LS Switching On Resistance			75		mΩ
Current Limit						
I_{Limit}	Current Limit			3		A
Thermal Shutdown						
T_{SD}	Thermal shut down temperature			165		°C
	Thermal Hysteresis			25		°C
Output Under Voltage						
V_{OVP}	Output OVP threshold			0.5		V
UVLO						
UVLO	UVLO Threshold			4		V
ON-Time Control						
T_{ON}	On Time			130		ns
T_{OFF}	Off Time			200		ns
LOGIC THRESHOLD						
V_{ENH}	EN high-level input voltage		2			V
V_{ENL}	EN low-level input voltage				0.7	V
R_{EN}	EN pin resistance to GND			200		kΩ

Typical Performance Characteristics

Figure 2. Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage

T_A = 25 °C

Figure 3. Feedback Voltage vs. Temperature

VIN = 12 V

Figure 4. EN Low Threshold vs. Junction Temperature

Figure 5. EN High Threshold vs. Junction Temperature

Figure 6. On-Resistance vs Temperature

V_{IN} = 12 V, I_{OUT} = 0.5 A
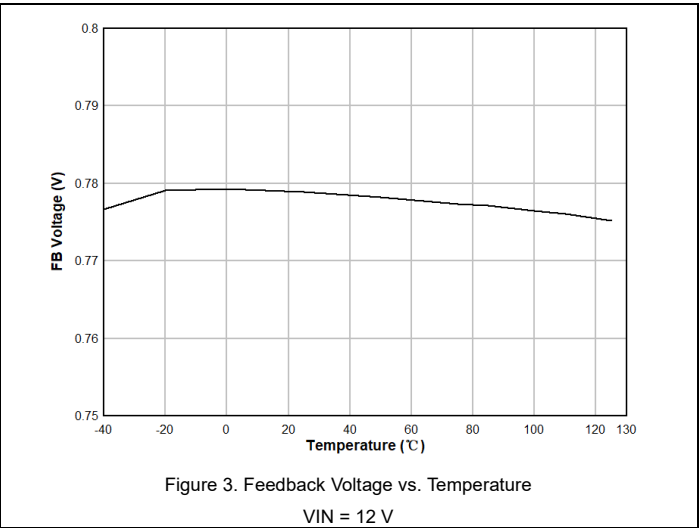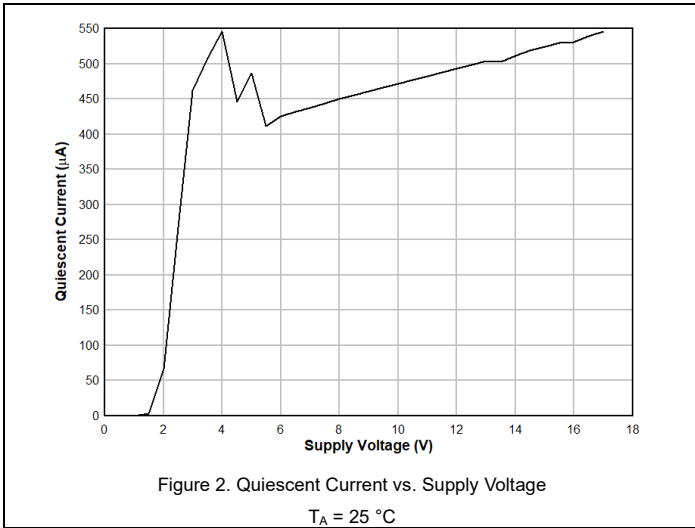
Figure 7. Switching Frequency vs. Output Current
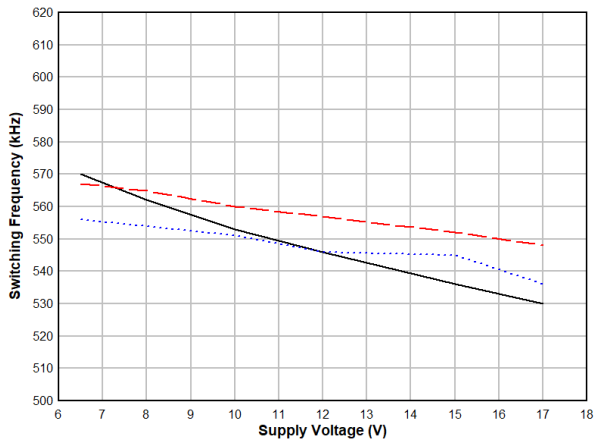
Figure 8. Switching Frequency vs. Supply Voltage
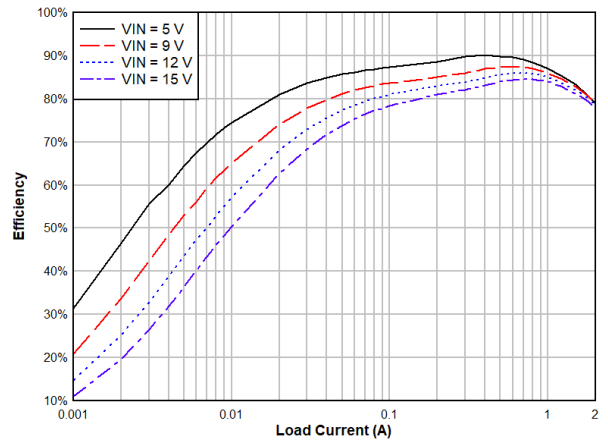
Figure 9. Efficiency vs. Output Current, V$_{OUT}$ = 1.05 V, L = 2.2 μH
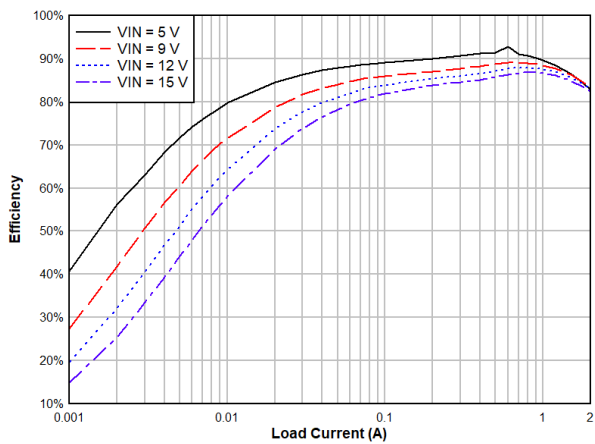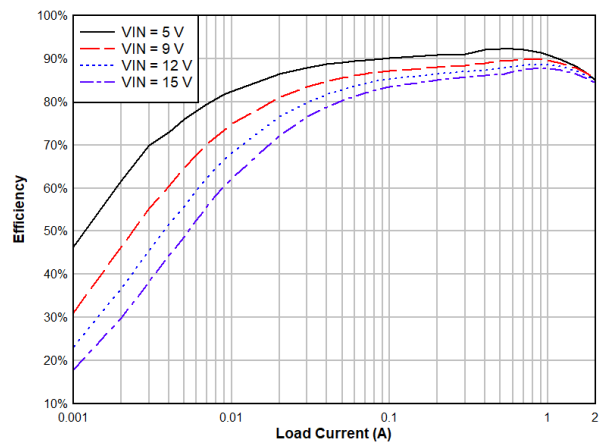

Figure 10. Efficiency vs. Output Current, V$_{OUT}$ = 1.5 V, L = 2.2 μH
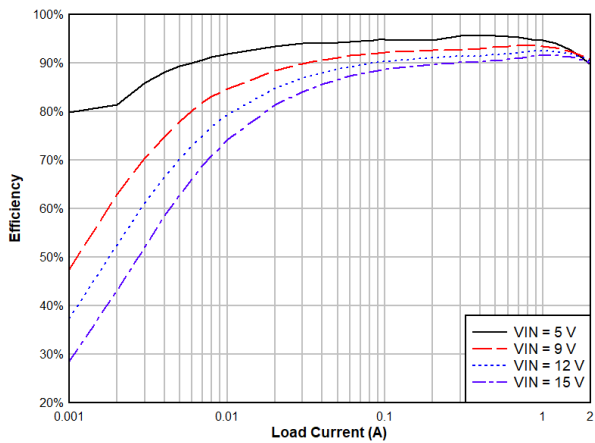

Figure 11. Efficiency vs. Output Current, V$_{OUT}$ = 1.8 V, L = 2.2 μH

Figure 12. Efficiency vs. Output Current, V$_{OUT}$ = 3.3 V, L = 2.2 μH
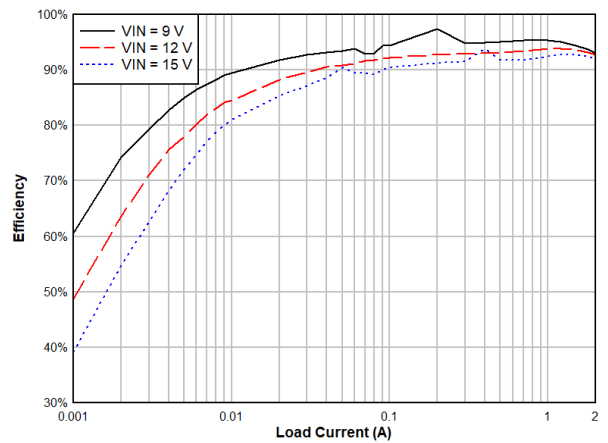
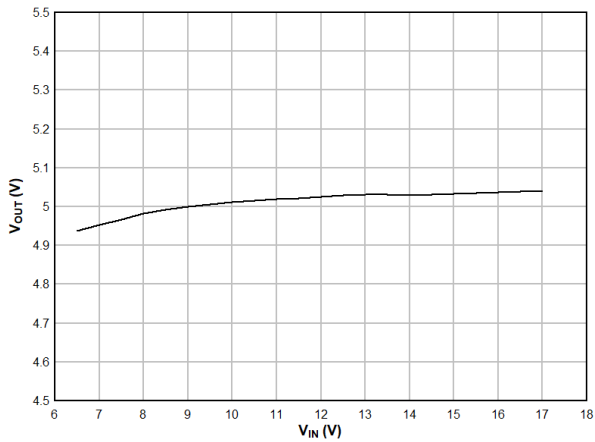Figure 13. Efficiency vs. Output Current, V$_{OUT}$ = 5 V, L = 2.2 μH

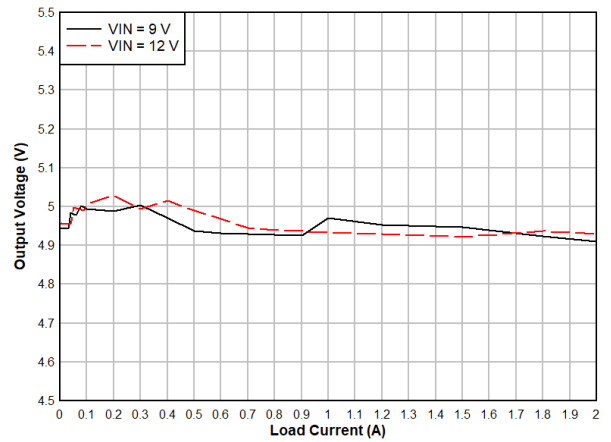Figure 14. Line Regulation, I_{LOAD} = 1A

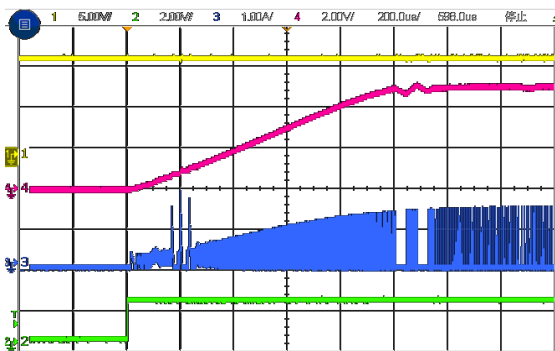Figure 15. Load Transient, V_{OUT} = 5 V

Figure 16. Start Up Curve

V_{IN} = 12 V. V_{OUT} = 5 V, R_L = 27Ω

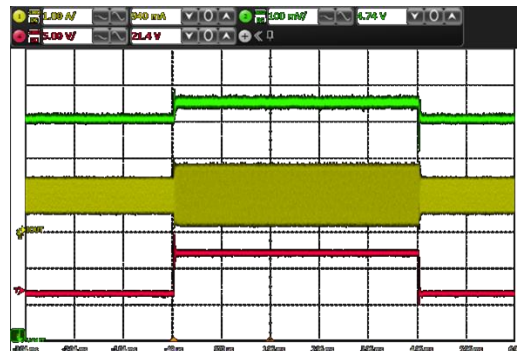CH1: V_{IN} CH2: V_{EN} CH3: I_{ind} CH4: V_{OUT}

Figure 17. Line Transient, V_{OUT} = 5 V, I_L = 1 A

CH1: I_{ind} CH2: V_{OUT} CH4: V_{IN}

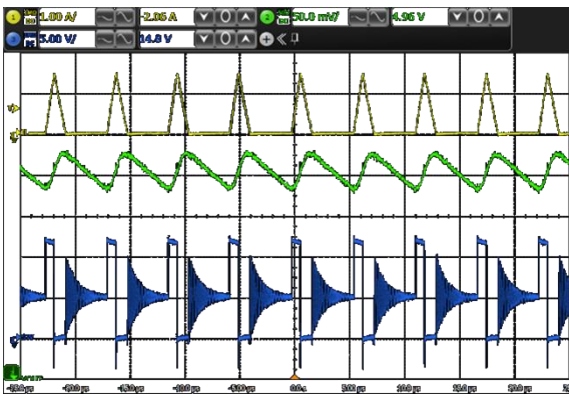

Figure 18. Output Voltage Ripple

CH1: I_{ind} CH2: V_{OUT} CH3: SW

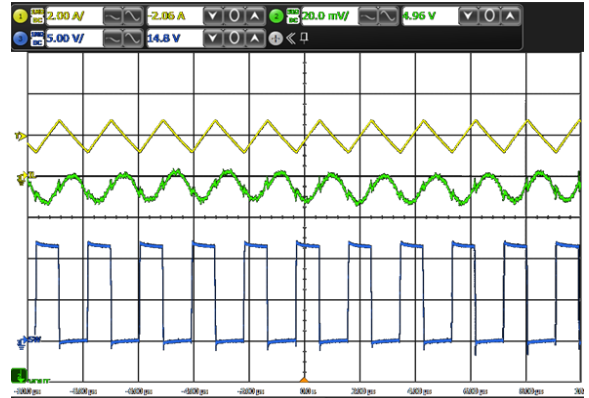VIN = 12 V   VOUT = 5 V   IL = 0.25 A

Figure 19. Output Voltage Ripple

CH1: I_{ind} CH2: V_{OUT} CH3: SW

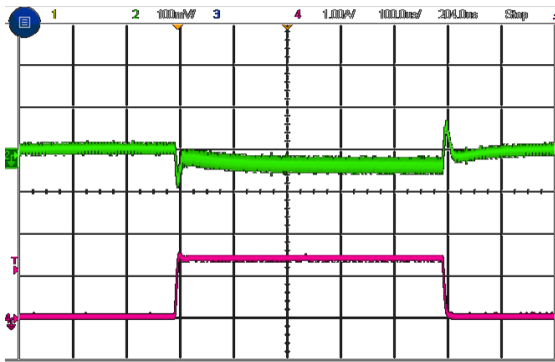VIN = 12 V   VOUT = 5 V   IL = 2 A

Figure 20. Load Transient
CH2: V_{OUT} CH4: Load Current
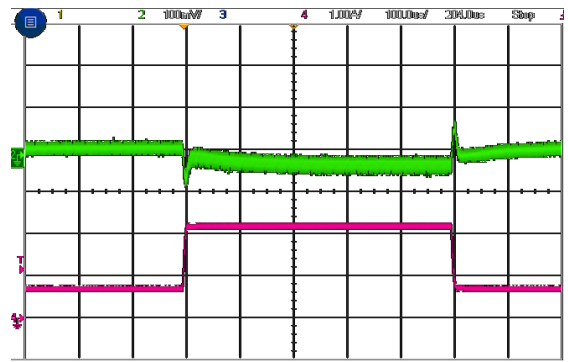V_{IN} = 12 V V_{OUT} = 1 V I_L = 0.1 A to 1.5 A

Figure 21. Load Transient
CH2: V_{OUT} CH4: Load Current
V_{IN} = 12 V V_{OUT} = 1 V I_L = 0.75 A to 2.25 A
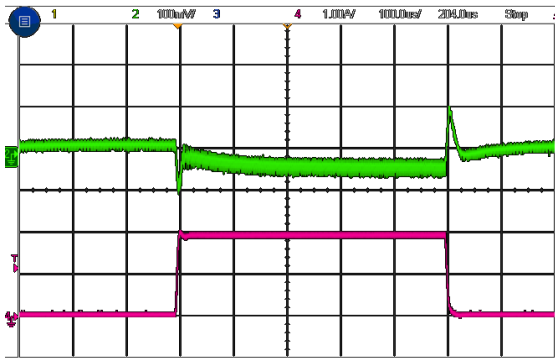
Figure 22. Load Transient
CH2: V_{OUT} CH4: Load Current
V_{IN} = 12 V V_{OUT} = 1 V I_L = 0.1 A to 1.5 A
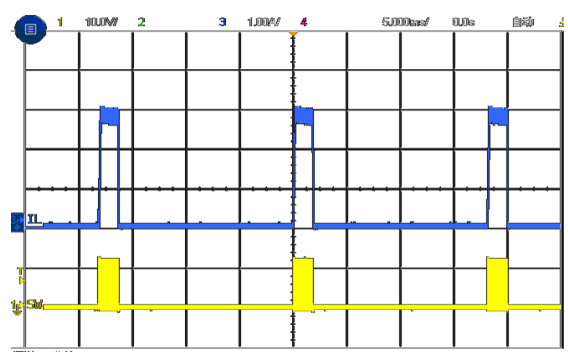
Figure 23. Over-current Hic-cup Protection
CH1: SW_T CH3: I_{ind}
V_{IN} = 12 V

Figure 24. Power-Up Sequence
CH2: EN   CH3: V_{IN} CH4: V_{OUT}

Figure 25. Power-Down Sequence
CH2: EN   CH3: V_{IN} CH4: V_{OUT}

Figure 26. Power-Up Sequence with EN
CH2: EN   CH3: V_{IN} CH4: V_{OUT}

Figure 27. Power-Down Sequence with EN
CH2: EN   CH3: V_{IN} CH4: V_{OUT}

Detailed Description

Overview

The TPP2020 is 2-A synchronous step-down converters. The Constant-On-Time (COT) control topology provides fast transient 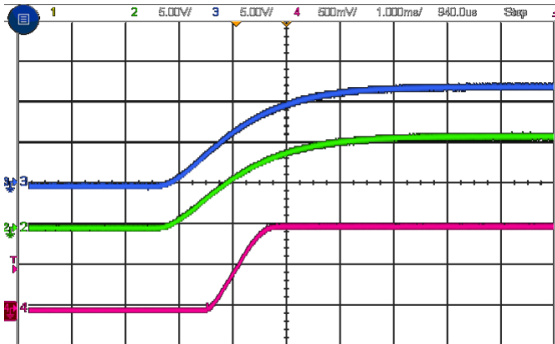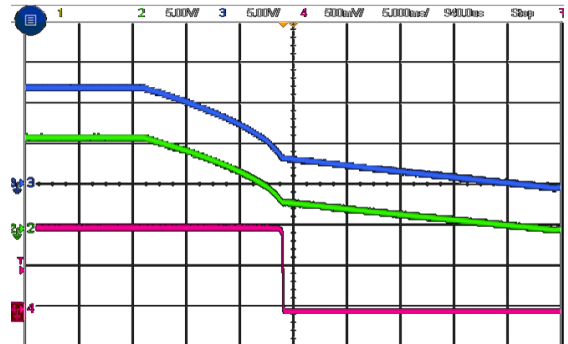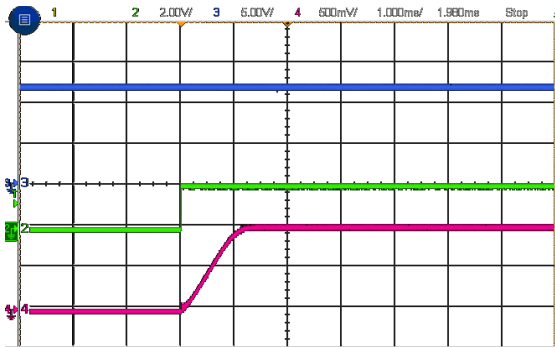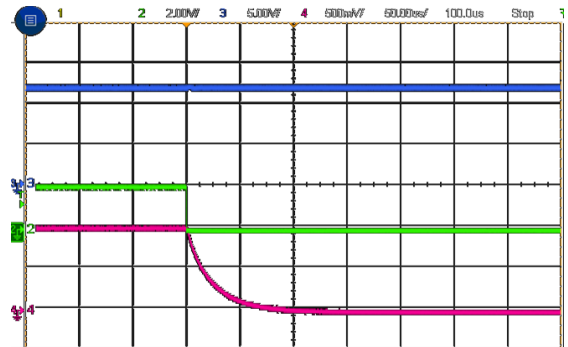response and supports low ESR output capacitors, such as specialty polymer capacitors and multi-layer ceramic capacitors, without extra compensation circuitry.

Functional Block Diagram
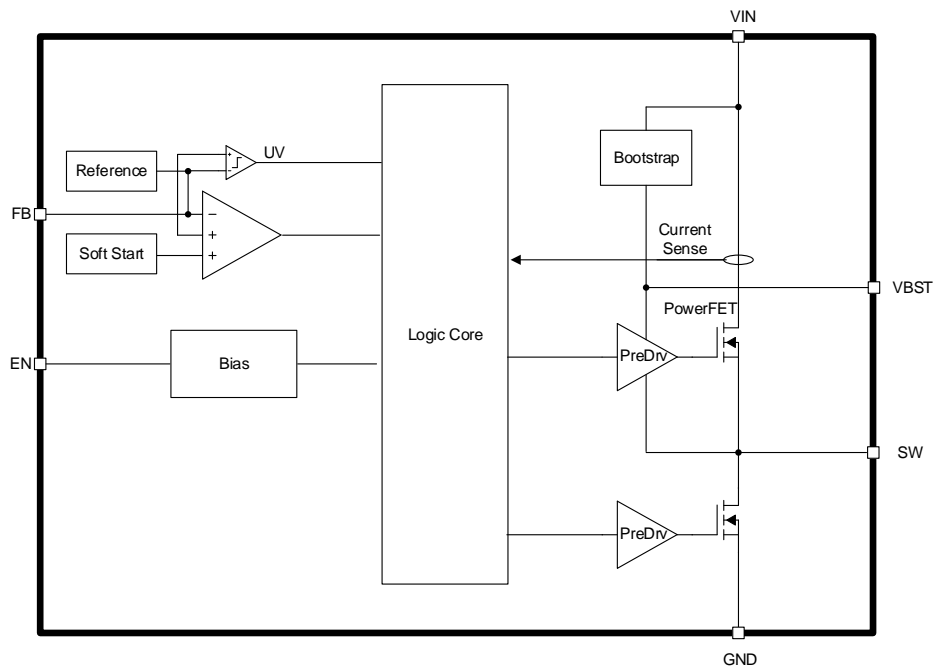
Figure 28 Functional Block Diagram

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Feature Description

Constant On-Time Control

TPP2020 uses Constant-On-Time topology, also known as COT topology. The COT topology supports fast transient response thus leading to better ripple performance. With integrated low $R_{ds(on)}$, the device is able to achieve high efficiency in small physical footprint. At the beginning of every cycle, the high-side switch is turned on for a constant on time $T_{(on)}$. The $T_{(on)}$ is internally compensated for different input and output voltage scenarios.

Improved Light-Load Mode

To improve light load efficiency, the device will automatically enter improved light-load mode when inductor ripple valley current reaches zero. The controller keeps the on-time of high-side switch the same. With light-load, the decay of voltage takes longer time and lowers switching frequency accordingly.

Soft-Start with Pre-Biased Capability

Once EN becomes high, the device ramps up its internal reference voltage with fixed 1-ms risetime. When the output capacitor is pre-charged, the soft-start ramp will only enable output switching after internal reference ramps above FB voltage.

Over Current Protection

The device has cycle-by-cycle current limit. During OFF state, once over current is detected at ripple current valley by measuring low-side FET current, the device keeps the low-side FET OFF until the current falls below over current protection (OCP) threshold.

Output Undervoltage Hiccup Protection

When the device output voltage falls below hiccup voltage threshold, the device gets into hiccup mode by turning off the device restarts after hiccup timer (typically 10ms) expires.

Undervoltage Lockout (UVLO) Protection

Once the input voltage falls below UVLO threshold, the device is shut off. Once the device recovers above the UVLO threshold, the device returns to normal operation.

Over Temperature Shutdown

Once the junction temperature rises across internal over temperature shutdown threshold, the device shuts off and recovers when temperature falls below threshold with hysteresis.

Application

Application Information

As an easy-to-use step-down voltage regulator, also known as buck regulator, TPP2020 usually coverts a higher input voltage to the desired output voltage set by VFB resistor divider. The maximum output current is 2 A. Below section depicts a simplified design flow of circuitry for TPP2020.

Typical Application

In most 12-V system, lower voltage rail such as 5 V / 3.3V is a typical need for microcontrollers, I/Os and other low voltage components. Below application lists the typical schematic for a 5-V buck regulator.
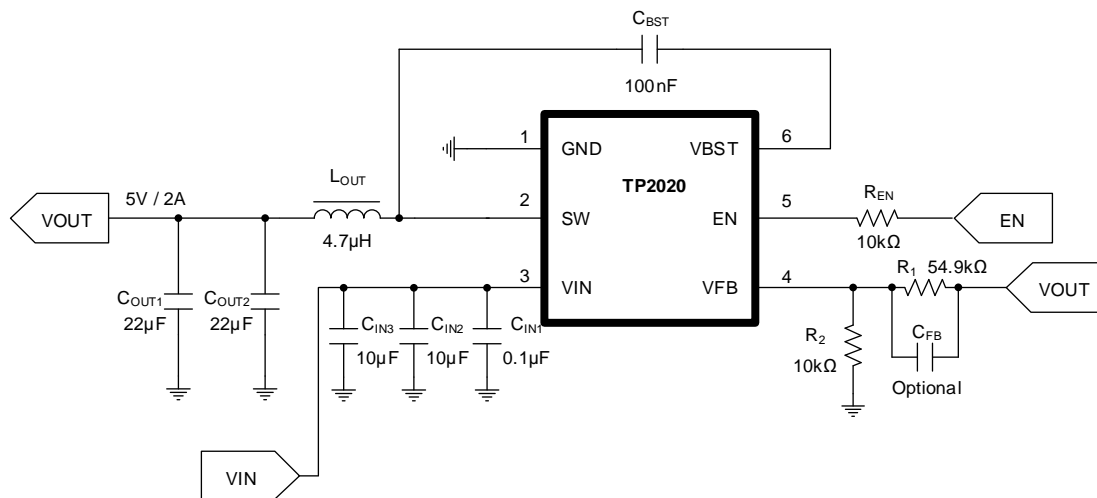

Figure 29 Typical 5V / 2A Application

Component Selection

The 5V output voltage requires the resistor divider ratios to set accordingly.

$$\frac{R_1}{R_2} = \frac{V_{OUT}}{0.76} - 1$$

Set R2 = 10kΩ, by calculation of equation, R1 = 55.8kΩ

Components recommendation table are listed as below.

Output Voltage (V)	R_1 (kΩ)	R_2 (kΩ)	L_1 (µH)	$C_{OUT1} + C_{OUT2}$ (µF)	$C_{IN1} + C_{IN2} + C_{IN3}$ (µF)	C_{BST} (nF)
1	3	10	2.2	20 to 68	> 0.1 + 10	100
1.2	5.76	10	2.2	20 to 68	> 0.1 + 10	100
1.5	9.53	10	2.2	20 to 68	> 0.1 + 10	100
1.8	13.7	10	3.3	20 to 68	> 0.1 + 10	100
2.5	22.6	10	3.3	20 to 68	> 0.1 + 10	100
3.3	33.2	10	3.3	20 to 68	> 0.1 + 10	100
5	55.8	10	4.7	20 to 68	> 0.1 + 10	100

The inductor peak current I_{PEAK}, peak-to-peak ripple $\Delta I_{P\text{-}P}$ current and RMS current $I_{LOUT(RMS)}$ are calculated as below equations.

$$\Delta I_{P\text{-}P} = \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN(MAX)}} \times \frac{V_{IN(MAX)} - V_{OUT}}{L_{OUT} \times f_{SW}}$$

$$I_{PEAK} = I_O + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN(MAX)}} \times \frac{V_{IN(MAX)} - V_{OUT}}{L_{OUT} \times f_{SW}}$$

$$I_{LOUT(RMS)} = \sqrt{I_O^2 + \frac{1}{12} \times \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN(MAX)}} \times \frac{V_{IN(MAX)} - V_{OUT}}{L_{OUT} \times f_{SW}} \right)^2}$$
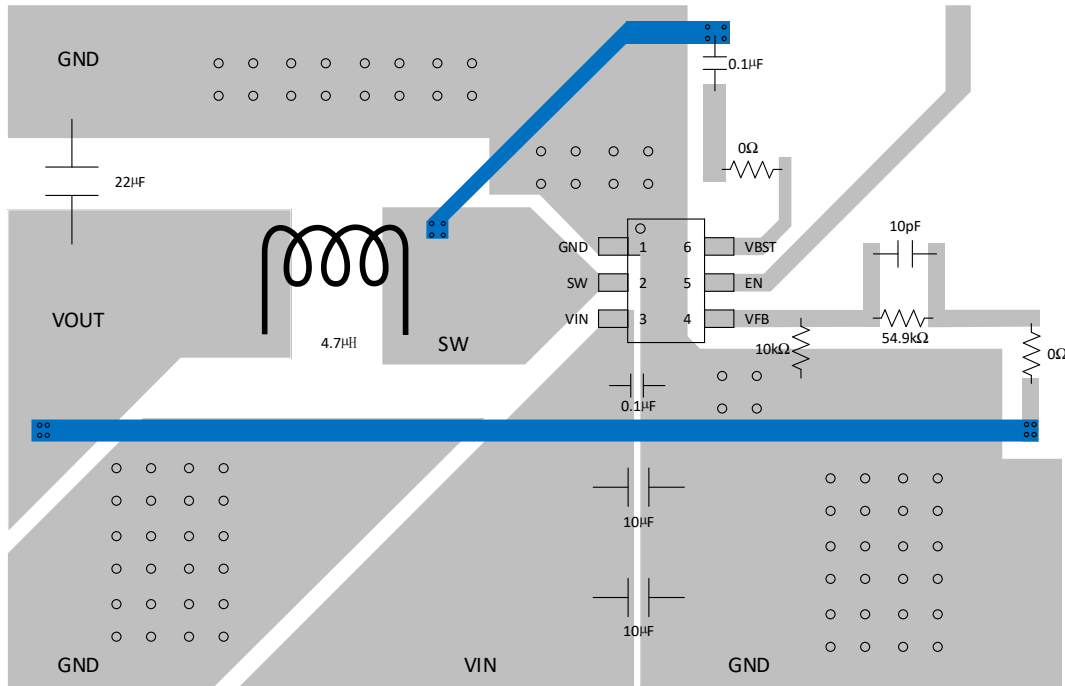
The output capacitor rms current is calculated as below equation

$$I_{COUT(RMS)} = \frac{V_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{\sqrt{12} \times V_{IN} \times L_{OUT} \times f_{SW}}$$
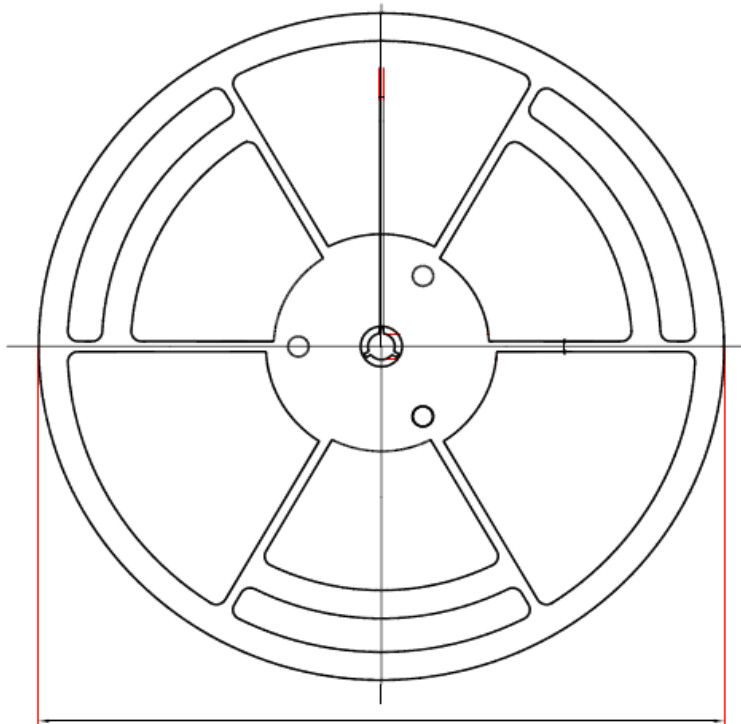
Input capacitor RMS current is calculated as below equation

$$I_{CIN(RMS)} = I_O \times \sqrt{\frac{V_{IN}}{V_{OUT}} \times \left(1 - \frac{V_{IN}}{V_{OUT}} \right)}$$
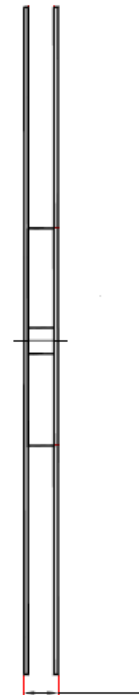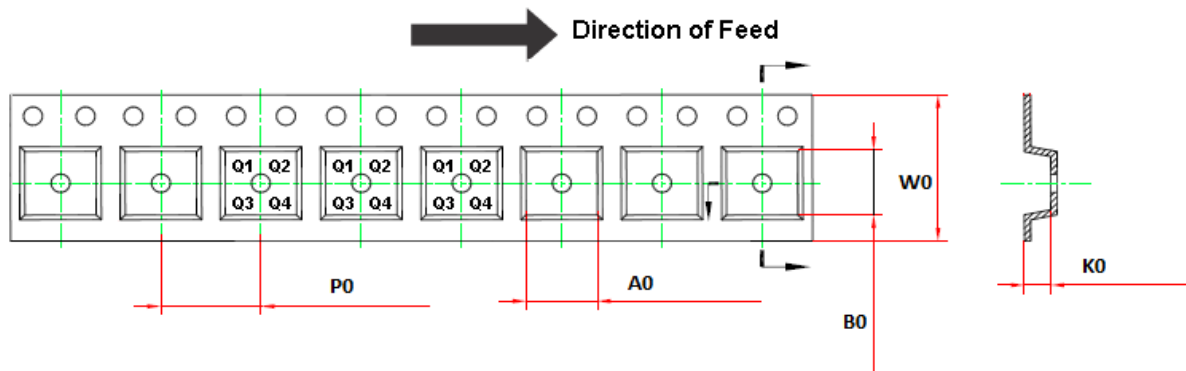
Layout Recommendations
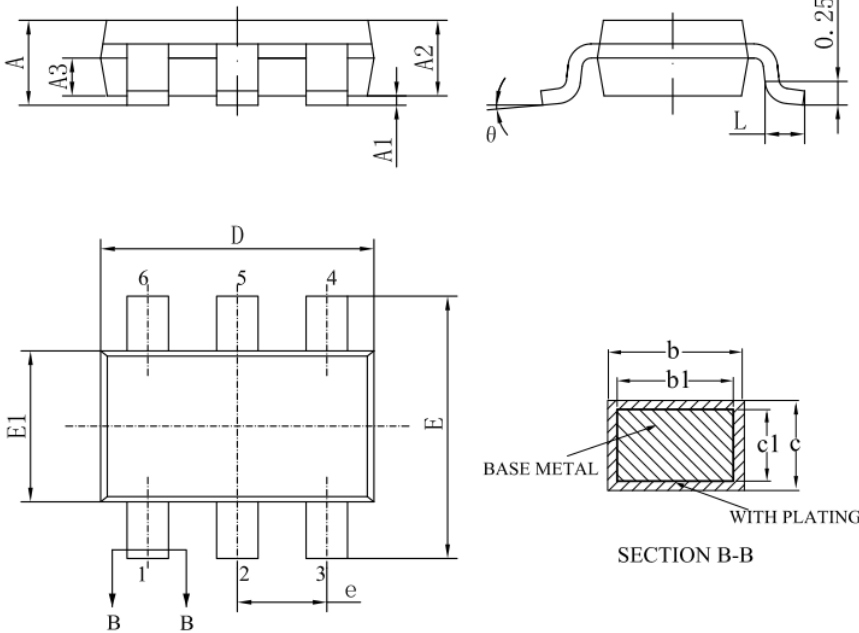
Tape and Reel Information

D1: Reel Diameter

W1: Reel Width

Direction of Feed

Q1	Q2
Q3	Q4

P0

A0

W0

B0

K0

Order Number	Package	D1	W1	A0	B0	K0	P0	W0	Pin1 Quadrant
TPP2020-6TR	TSOT23-6	178.0	12.3	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3

Package Outline Dimensions

TSOT23-6

SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		
	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	—	—	0.95
A1	0	—	0.10
A2	0.75	0.80	0.85
A3	0.35	0.40	0.45
b	0.30	0.44	0.50
b1	0.30	0.40	0.45
c	0.11	0.16	0.20
c1	0.11	0.13	0.15
D	2.70	2.90	3.10
E	2.60	2.80	3.00
E1	1.50	1.60	1.70
e	0.95BSC		
L	0.30	0.40	0.50
θ	0	—	8°

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