DATA SHEET

For a complete data sheet, please also download:

- The IC04 LOCMOS HE4000B Logic Family Specifications HEF, HEC
- The IC04 LOCMOS HE4000B Logic Package Outlines/Information HEF, HEC

HEF4001B
gates
Quadruple 2-input NOR gate

Product specification
File under Integrated Circuits, IC04

January 1995

Philips Semiconductors

PHILIPS

Quadruple 2-input NOR gate

HEF4001B gates

DESCRIPTION

The HEF4001B provides the positive quadruple 2-input NOR function. The outputs are fully buffered for highest noise immunity and pattern insensitivity of output impedance.

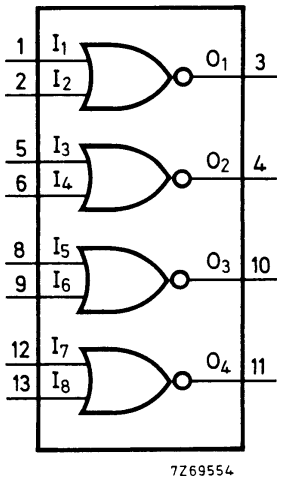

Fig.1 Functional diagram.

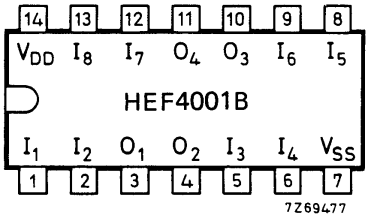

Fig.2 Pinning diagram.

HEF4001BP(N): 14-lead DIL; plastic (SOT27-1)

HEF4001BD(F): 14-lead DIL; ceramic (cerdip) (SOT73)

HEF4001BT(D): 14-lead SO; plastic (SOT108-1)

( ): Package Designator North America

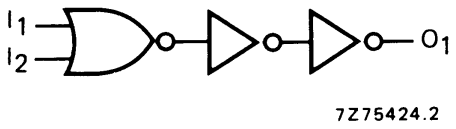

Fig.3 Logic diagram (one gate).

FAMILY DATA, I_{DD} LIMITS category GATES

See Family Specifications

AC CHARACTERISTICS

V_{SS} = 0 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C; C_L = 50 pF; input transition times ≤ 20 ns

	V_{DD} V	SYMBOL	TYP	MAX		TYPICAL EXTRAPOLATION FORMULA
Propagation delays						
$I_n \rightarrow O_n$	5		60	120	ns	33 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
HIGH to LOW	10	t_{PHL}	25	50	ns	14 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
	15		20	40	ns	12 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
	5		50	100	ns	23 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
LOW to HIGH	10	t_{PLH}	25	45	ns	14 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
	15		20	35	ns	12 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
Output transition times	5		60	120	ns	10 ns + (1,0 ns/pF) C_L
HIGH to LOW	10	t_{THL}	30	60	ns	9 ns + (0,42 ns/pF) C_L
	15		20	40	ns	6 ns + (0,28 ns/pF) C_L
	5		60	120	ns	10 ns + (1,0 ns/pF) C_L
LOW to HIGH	10	t_{TLH}	30	60	ns	9 ns + (0,42 ns/pF) C_L
	15		20	40	ns	6 ns + (0,28 ns/pF) C_L

	V_{DD} V	TYPICAL FORMULA FOR P (μW)	
Dynamic power dissipation per package (P)	5	$1100\ f_i + \sum (f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$	where
	10	$5000\ f_i + \sum (f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$	f_i = input freq. (MHz)
	15	$14\ 200\ f_i + \sum (f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$	f_o = output freq. (MHz)
			C_L = load capacitance (pF)
			$\sum(f_o C_L)$ = sum of outputs
			V_{DD} = supply voltage (V)