# **SM12T1**

# **ESD Protection Diode Array**

# **Dual Common Anode**

These dual monolithic silicon zener diodes are designed for applications requiring transient overvoltage protection capability. They are intended for use in voltage and ESD sensitive equipment such as computers, printers, business machines, communication systems, medical equipment and other applications. Their dual junction common anode design protects two separate lines using only one package. These devices are ideal for situations where board space is at a premium.

#### **Specification Features:**

- SOT-23 Package Allows Either Two Separate Unidirectional Configurations or a Single Bidirectional Configuration
- Working Peak Reverse Voltage Range 12 V
- Standard Zener Breakdown Voltage Range 13.3 V to 15.75 V
- Peak Power 300 Watt (8 X 20 μs)
- Low Leakage
- Flammability Rating UL 94 V-0

#### **Mechanical Characteristics:**

CASE: Void-free, transfer-molded, thermosetting plastic case

FINISH: Corrosion resistant finish, easily solderable

#### **MAXIMUM CASE TEMPERATURE FOR SOLDERING PURPOSES:**

260°C for 10 Seconds

Package designed for optimal automated board assembly Small package size for high density applications Available in 8 mm Tape and Reel

Use the Device Number to order the 7 inch/3,000 unit reel. Replace the "T1" with "T3" in the Device Number to order the 13 inch/10,000 unit reel.

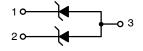


## ON Semiconductor<sup>™</sup>

#### www.onsemi.com

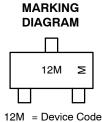
PIN 1. CATHODE 2. CATHODE

CATHOI
 ANODE





SOT-23 CASE 318 STYLE 12



12M = Device Code M = Date Code

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

| Device | Package | Shipping         |
|--------|---------|------------------|
| SM12T1 | SOT-23  | 3000/Tape & Reel |

## **SM12T1**

#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

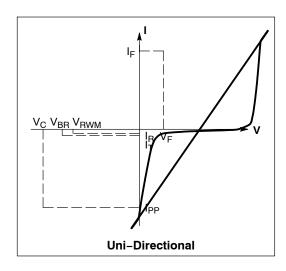
| Rating  | Symbol                            | Value        | Unit        |
|---|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Peak Power Dissipation @ 20 $\mu s$ (Note 1)<br>@ $T_L \le 25^{\circ}C$                         | P <sub>pk</sub>                   | 300          | Watts       |
| IEC 61000-4-2 (ESD) Ai<br>Contac  |                                   | ±15<br>±8.0  | kV          |
| IEC 61000-4-4 (EFT)   |                                   | 40           | Α           |
| IEC 61000-4-5 (Lightening)  |                                   | 12           | Α           |
| Total Power Dissipation on FR-5 Board (Note 2) @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Derate above 25°C        | P <sub>D</sub>                    | 225<br>1.8   | mW<br>mW/°C |
| Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient  | $R_{	heta JA}$                    | 556          | °C/W        |
| Total Power Dissipation on Alumina Substrate (Note 3) @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Derate above 25°C | P <sub>D</sub>                    | 300<br>2.4   | mW<br>mW/°C |
| Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient  | $R_{	heta JA}$                    | 417          | °C/W        |
| Junction and Storage Temperature Range  | T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub> | – 55 to +150 | °C          |
| Lead Solder Temperature – Maximum (10 Second Duration)  | TL                                | 260          | °C          |

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

UNIDIRECTIONAL (Circuit tied to Pins 1 and 3 or 2 and 3)

| Symbol           | Parameter  |
|------------------|--|
| I <sub>PP</sub>  | Maximum Reverse Peak Pulse Current                 |
| V <sub>C</sub>   | Clamping Voltage @ I <sub>PP</sub>                 |
| V <sub>RWM</sub> | Working Peak Reverse Voltage                       |
| I <sub>R</sub>   | Maximum Reverse Leakage Current @ V <sub>RWM</sub> |
| V <sub>BR</sub>  | Breakdown Voltage @ I <sub>T</sub>                 |
| I <sub>T</sub>   | Test Current                                       |
| ΘV <sub>BR</sub> | Maximum Temperature Coefficient of V <sub>BR</sub> |
| I <sub>F</sub>   | Forward Current                                    |
| V <sub>F</sub>   | Forward Voltage @ I <sub>F</sub>                   |
| Z <sub>ZT</sub>  | Maximum Zener Impedance @ I <sub>ZT</sub>          |
| I <sub>ZK</sub>  | Reverse Current                                    |
| Z <sub>ZK</sub>  | Maximum Zener Impedance @ I <sub>ZK</sub>          |



#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

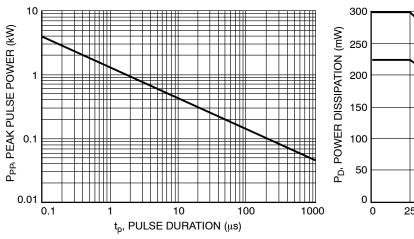
|        |         |                  |                                   | V <sub>BR</sub> , Breakdown Voltage |       | V <sub>C</sub> @        | Max Ipp  | Typical Capacitance  |
|--------|---------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|-------------------------|----------|----------------------|
|        | Device  | V <sub>RWM</sub> | I <sub>R</sub> @ V <sub>RWM</sub> | (Vo                                 | lts)  | I <sub>PP</sub> = 1 Amp | (Note 4) | (pF)                 |
| Device | Marking | (Volts)          | (μΑ)                              | Min                                 | Max   | (Volts)                 | (Amps)   | Pin 1 to 3 @ 0 Volts |
| SM12T1 | 12M     | 12               | 1.0                               | 13.3                                | 15.75 | 19                      | 12       | 95                   |

<sup>4.</sup>  $8 \times 20~\mu s$  pulse waveform per Figure 3

Non-repetitive current pulse per Figure 3
 FR-5 = 1.0 x 0.75 x 0.62 in.
 Alumina = 0.4 x 0.3 x 0.024 in., 99.5% alumina \*Other voltages may be available upon request

#### **SM12T1**

#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



NOT VALUMINA SUBSTRATE

200

ALUMINA SUBSTRATE

100

FR-5 BOARD

0 25 50 75 100 125 150 175

TEMPERATURE (°C)

Figure 1. Non-Repetitive Peak Pulse Power versus Pulse Time

Figure 2. Steady State Power Derating Curve

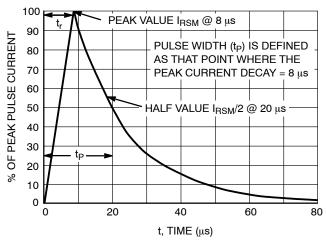


Figure 3.  $8\times 20~\mu s$  Pulse Waveform

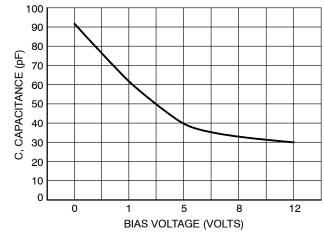


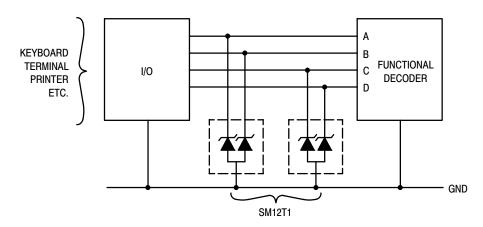
Figure 4. Typical Diode Capacitance

## TYPICAL COMMON ANODE APPLICATIONS

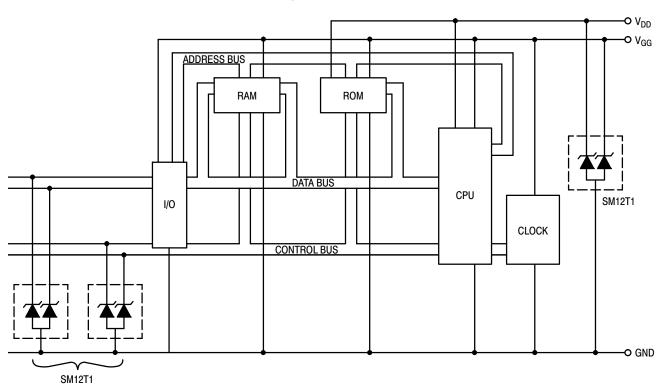
A quad junction common anode design in a SOT-23 package protects four separate lines using only one package. This adds flexibility and creativity to PCB design especially

when board space is at a premium. Two simplified examples of surge protection applications are illustrated below.

## **Computer Interface Protection**



## **Microprocessor Protection**

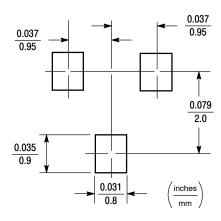


#### INFORMATION FOR USING THE SOT-23 SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

#### MINIMUM RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT FOR SURFACE MOUNTED APPLICATIONS

Surface mount board layout is a critical portion of the total design. The footprint for the semiconductor packages must be the correct size to insure proper solder connection

interface between the board and the package. With the correct pad geometry, the packages will self align when subjected to a solder reflow process.



SOT-23

#### **SOT-23 POWER DISSIPATION**

The power dissipation of the SOT–23 is a function of the drain pad size. This can vary from the minimum pad size for soldering to a pad size given for maximum power dissipation. Power dissipation for a surface mount device is determined by  $T_{J(max)}$ , the maximum rated junction temperature of the die,  $R_{\theta JA}$ , the thermal resistance from the device junction to ambient, and the operating temperature,  $T_A$ . Using the values provided on the data sheet for the SOT–23 package,  $P_D$  can be calculated as follows:

$$P_D = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

The values for the equation are found in the maximum ratings table on the data sheet. Substituting these values into the equation for an ambient temperature  $T_A$  of  $25^{\circ}C$ , one can calculate the power dissipation of the device which in this case is 225 milliwatts.

$$P_D = \frac{150^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C}{556^{\circ}C/W} = 225 \text{ milliwatts}$$

The 556°C/W for the SOT-23 package assumes the use of the recommended footprint on a glass epoxy printed circuit board to achieve a power dissipation of 225 milliwatts. There are other alternatives to achieving higher power dissipation from the SOT-23 package. Another alternative would be to use a ceramic substrate or an aluminum core board such as Thermal Clad<sup>®</sup>. Using a board material such as Thermal Clad, an aluminum core board, the power dissipation can be doubled using the same footprint.

#### **SOLDERING PRECAUTIONS**

The melting temperature of solder is higher than the rated temperature of the device. When the entire device is heated to a high temperature, failure to complete soldering within a short time could result in device failure. Therefore, the following items should always be observed in order to minimize the thermal stress to which the devices are subjected.

- Always preheat the device.
- The delta temperature between the preheat and soldering should be 100°C or less.\*
- When preheating and soldering, the temperature of the leads and the case must not exceed the maximum temperature ratings as shown on the data sheet. When using infrared heating with the reflow soldering method, the difference shall be a maximum of 10°C.
- The soldering temperature and time shall not exceed 260°C for more than 10 seconds.
- When shifting from preheating to soldering, the maximum temperature gradient shall be 5°C or less.
- After soldering has been completed, the device should be allowed to cool naturally for at least three minutes.
   Gradual cooling should be used as the use of forced cooling will increase the temperature gradient and result in latent failure due to mechanical stress.
- Mechanical stress or shock should not be applied during cooling.
- \* Soldering a device without preheating can cause excessive thermal shock and stress which can result in damage to the device.

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SOT-23 (TO-236) CASE 318-08 **ISSUE AS** 

**DATE 30 JAN 2018** 

# SCALE 4:1 D - 3X b

**TOP VIEW** 







#### **RECOMMENDED SOLDERING FOOTPRINT**



DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS

#### NOTES:

- NOTES:
  1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
  3. MAXIMUM LEAD THICKNESS INCLUDES LEAD FINISH.
  MINIMUM LEAD THICKNESS IS THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF THE BASE MATERIAL
- 4. DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH,

|  | PROT | RUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS. |  |
|--|------|-------------------------|--|
|--|------|-------------------------|--|

|     | MILLIMETERS |      |      |       | INCHES |       |
|-----|-------------|------|------|-------|--------|-------|
| DIM | MIN         | NOM  | MAX  | MIN   | NOM    | MAX   |
| Α   | 0.89        | 1.00 | 1.11 | 0.035 | 0.039  | 0.044 |
| A1  | 0.01        | 0.06 | 0.10 | 0.000 | 0.002  | 0.004 |
| b   | 0.37        | 0.44 | 0.50 | 0.015 | 0.017  | 0.020 |
| С   | 0.08        | 0.14 | 0.20 | 0.003 | 0.006  | 0.008 |
| D   | 2.80        | 2.90 | 3.04 | 0.110 | 0.114  | 0.120 |
| E   | 1.20        | 1.30 | 1.40 | 0.047 | 0.051  | 0.055 |
| е   | 1.78        | 1.90 | 2.04 | 0.070 | 0.075  | 0.080 |
| L   | 0.30        | 0.43 | 0.55 | 0.012 | 0.017  | 0.022 |
| L1  | 0.35        | 0.54 | 0.69 | 0.014 | 0.021  | 0.027 |
| HE  | 2.10        | 2.40 | 2.64 | 0.083 | 0.094  | 0.104 |
| Т   | 0°          |      | 10°  | 0°    |        | 10°   |

#### **GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM\***



XXX = Specific Device Code

= Date Code

= Pb-Free Package

\*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot " ■", may or may not be present.

| STYLE 1 THRU 5:<br>CANCELLED | STYLE 6:<br>PIN 1. BASE<br>2. EMITTER<br>3. COLLECTOR | STYLE 7:<br>PIN 1. EMITTER<br>2. BASE<br>3. COLLECTOR | STYLE 8:<br>PIN 1. ANODE<br>2. NO CONNECTION<br>3. CATHODE |
|------------------------------|---|---|--|
| OT (1 F O                    |   |   |  |

SOT-23 (TO-236)

| STYLE 9:                  | STYLE 10:                | STYLE 11:                       | STYLE 12:                 | STYLE 13:     | STYLE 14:               |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| PIN 1. ANODE              | PIN 1. DRAIN             | PIN 1. ANODE                    | PIN 1. CATHODE            | PIN 1. SOURCE | PIN 1. CATHODE          |
| <ol><li>ANODE</li></ol>   | <ol><li>SOURCE</li></ol> | <ol><li>CATHODE</li></ol>       | <ol><li>CATHODE</li></ol> | 2. DRAIN      | 2. GATE                 |
| <ol><li>CATHODE</li></ol> | 3. GATE                  | <ol><li>CATHODE-ANODE</li></ol> | <ol><li>ANODE</li></ol>   | 3. GATE       | <ol><li>ANODE</li></ol> |

| STYLE 15:                 | STYLE 16:                 | STYLE 17:                 | STYLE 18:                 | STYLE 19:                      | STYLE 20:               |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| PIN 1. GATE               | PIN 1. ANODE              | PIN 1. NO CONNECTION      | PIN 1. NO CONNECTION      | PIN 1. CATHODE                 | PIN 1. CATHODE          |
| <ol><li>CATHODE</li></ol> | <ol><li>CATHODE</li></ol> | 2. ANODE                  | <ol><li>CATHODE</li></ol> | 2. ANODE                       | <ol><li>ANODE</li></ol> |
| <ol><li>ANODE</li></ol>   | <ol><li>CATHODE</li></ol> | <ol><li>CATHODE</li></ol> | <ol><li>ANODE</li></ol>   | <ol><li>CATHODE-ANOD</li></ol> | E 3. GATE               |

| STYLE 21:                | STYLE 22:                | STYLE 23:    | STYLE 24:   | STYLE 25:    | STYLE 26:                       |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|---------------------------------|
| PIN 1. GATE              | PIN 1. RETURN            | PIN 1. ANODE | PIN 1. GATE | PIN 1. ANODE | PIN 1. CATHODE                  |
| <ol><li>SOURCE</li></ol> | <ol><li>OUTPUT</li></ol> | 2. ANODE     | 2. DRAIN    | 2. CATHODE   | 2. ANODE                        |
| 3 DRAIN                  | 3 INPLIT                 | 3 CATHODE    | 3. SOURCE   | 3. GATE      | <ol><li>NO CONNECTION</li></ol> |

| STYLE 27:<br>PIN 1. CATHODE<br>2. CATHODE<br>3. CATHODE | STYLE 28:<br>PIN 1. ANODE<br>2. ANODE<br>3. ANODE |  |
|---|---|--|
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